1	SENATE BILL 377
2	49TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2009
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	Cisco McSorley
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO AGRICULTURE; PROVIDING FOR LICENSING THE GROWING,
12	SELLING AND PROCESSING OF INDUSTRIAL HEMP; ESTABLISHING FEES;
13	PROVIDING PENALTIES; MAKING AN APPROPRIATION.
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15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
16	Section 1. [ <u>NEW MATERIAL</u> ] SHORT TITLESections 1
17	through 8 of this act may be cited as the "Industrial Hemp
18	Farming Act".
19	Section 2. [ <u>NEW MATERIAL</u> ] LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND
20	PURPOSE
21	A. Industrial hemp is a suitable crop for New
22	Mexico, and its production will contribute to the future
23	viability of New Mexico agriculture.
24	B. Allowing industrial hemp production will provide
25	farmers an opportunity to sell their products to a marketplace
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C. The infrastructure needed to process industrial hemp will result in increased business opportunities and new jobs in our communities.

D. As a food crop, industrial hemp seeds and oil produced from the seeds have high nutritional value, including healthy fats and protein.

E. As a fiber crop, industrial hemp can be used in
the manufacture of products such as clothing, building supplies
and animal bedding.

F. As a fuel crop, industrial hemp seeds can be processed into biodiesel, and stalks can be pelletized or flaked for burning or processed for cellulosic ethanol. Industrial hemp also expands opportunities for on-farm renewable energy production.

G. The production of industrial hemp can play a useful agronomic role in farm land management as part of a crop rotation system.

H. In addition to being an efficient photosynthesizer for converting the greenhouse gases carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide to oxygen, industrial hemp is fastgrowing and drought-tolerant, making it suitable for the arid southwest.

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1 I. The purpose of the Industrial Hemp Farming Act 2 is to establish policy and procedures for growing industrial 3 hemp in New Mexico so that farmers and other businesses in the 4 New Mexico agricultural industry can take advantage of this 5 market opportunity. 6 Section 3. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] DEFINITIONS.--As used in the 7 Industrial Hemp Farming Act: 8 "grower" means a licensed industrial hemp Α. 9 grower; and 10 "industrial hemp" means any plant that produces Β. 11 not more than three-tenths of one percent of delta 9 12 tetrahydrocannabinol per weighted unit of flowering tops and 13 leaves and has a delta 9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of 14 not more than one percent on a dry weight basis. 15 [NEW MATERIAL] ADMINISTRATIVE DISCOVERY Section 4. 16 PROCESS TO DETERMINE RULES TO ENCOURAGE GROWTH AND SALES OF 17 INDUSTRIAL HEMP--ADMINISTRATION .-- The New Mexico department of 18 agriculture shall: 19 Α. monitor the initial phase of research and 20 development necessary to ensure a viable and legal industrial 21 hemp industry in the state; and 22 ensure the participation by and inclusion of B. 23 individual farmers, agricultural cooperatives and businesses in 24 the rulemaking process. 25

Section 5. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] IMPLEMENTATION--FEES.--.175677.1

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1 A person or business planning to grow and sell Α. 2 industrial hemp seed or industrial hemp fiber shall obtain a grower's license by submitting an application to the New Mexico 3 4 department of agriculture containing the following: 5 the name and address of the applicant; (1)6 (2)the location and legal description of the 7 land to be used for the production of industrial hemp and the 8 name and address of the person holding title to the land on 9 which the industrial hemp will be planted; 10 any other information required for (3) 11 completion of a nationwide criminal background check; and 12 (4) a nonrefundable application or renewal fee of no more than one hundred fifty dollars (\$150). 13 14 Β. A grower shall maintain records showing: 15 the origin of the seed purchased and (1) 16 planted; 17 the quantity of the seed purchased and (2) 18 planted; 19 (3) the amount of industrial hemp harvested 20 and sold; and 21 buyers and recipients of the industrial (4) 22 hemp plants, fiber and seed. 23 C. The New Mexico department of agriculture shall 24 help to ensure availability of seed. The department shall: 25 (1) maintain an authorized list of certified .175677.1 - 4 -

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1 seed sources for industrial hemp;

2 (2) certify industrial hemp seed obtained from
3 other sources;

(3) maintain a list of growers and processorsfor whom seed has been provided; and

(4) maintain a list of growers and processors. D. The New Mexico department of agriculture may collaborate with individual farmers, agricultural cooperatives or businesses to establish an industrial hemp seed bank and provide seed for a fee that does not exceed ten percent more than the cost of the seed to growers upon request.

E. The New Mexico department of agriculture may enter into joint powers agreements with an Indian nation, tribe or pueblo to share information, to provide technical assistance and to generally cooperate with the Indian nation, tribe or pueblo to facilitate the production of industrial hemp on tribal land.

F. The New Mexico department of agriculture may revoke or suspend a license of a grower if there is substantial evidence of violations of the provisions of the Industrial Hemp Farming Act or rules adopted pursuant to that act. The department shall impose fines subsequent to the implementation of the Industrial Hemp Farming Act.

G. Fees collected pursuant to this section are appropriated to the New Mexico department of agriculture to .175677.1 - 5 -

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1 carry out the provisions of the Industrial Hemp Farming Act. 2 Section 6. [NEW MATERIAL] DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC 3 SAFETY--DUTIES AND POWERS.--The department of public safety: 4 shall conduct background checks on applicants Α. 5 requesting licenses upon request by the New Mexico department 6 of agriculture; 7 shall inspect growing fields and processing Β. 8 facilities upon verifiable evidence that a designated 9 industrial hemp field is unlicensed and is in violation of the 10 Industrial Hemp Farming Act; 11 C. shall train law enforcement officers to identify 12 industrial hemp; 13 shall inform the New Mexico department of D. 14 agriculture of any criminal offenses regarding the growing or 15 processing of industrial hemp; and 16 may enter into joint powers agreements with an Ε. 17 Indian nation, tribe or pueblo to share information, to provide 18 technical assistance and to generally cooperate with the Indian 19 nation, tribe or pueblo to facilitate the production of 20 industrial hemp on tribal land. 21 Section 7. [NEW MATERIAL] COOPERATION BETWEEN 22 AGENCIES.--The New Mexico department of agriculture and the 23 department of public safety shall cooperate fully with one 24 another to implement and enforce the provisions of the 25 Industrial Hemp Farming Act. .175677.1 - 6 -

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1 Section 8. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] PENALTY.--A person who 2 fraudulently obtains a license pursuant to the Industrial Hemp 3 Farming Act or violates the provisions of the license is guilty 4 of a fourth degree felony and shall be sentenced pursuant to 5 the provisions of Section 31-18-15 NMSA 1978. Section 9. Section 30-31-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1972, 6 7 Chapter 84, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read: 8 "30-31-2. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Controlled 9 Substances Act: 10 "administer" means the direct application of a Α. 11 controlled substance by any means to the body of a patient or 12 research subject by a practitioner or the practitioner's agent; 13 "agent" includes an authorized person who acts Β. 14 on behalf of a manufacturer, distributor or dispenser. It does 15 not include a common or contract carrier, public 16 warehouseperson or employee of the carrier or warehouseperson; 17 C. "board" means the board of pharmacy; 18 D. "bureau" means the narcotic and dangerous drug 19 section of the criminal division of the United States 20 department of justice, or its successor agency; 21 Ε. "controlled substance" means a drug or substance 22 listed in Schedules I through V of the Controlled Substances 23 Act or rules adopted thereto; 24 "counterfeit substance" means a controlled F. 25 substance that bears the unauthorized trademark, trade name, .175677.1 - 7 -

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imprint, number, device or other identifying mark or likeness of a manufacturer, distributor or dispenser other than the person who in fact manufactured, distributed or dispensed the controlled substance;

"deliver" means the actual, constructive or G. attempted transfer from one person to another of a controlled substance or controlled substance analog, whether or not there 8 is an agency relationship;

9 "dispense" means to deliver a controlled н. 10 substance to an ultimate user or research subject pursuant to 11 the lawful order of a practitioner, including the 12 administering, prescribing, packaging, labeling or compounding 13 necessary to prepare the controlled substance for that 14 delivery;

"dispenser" means a practitioner who dispenses I. and includes hospitals, pharmacies and clinics where controlled substances are dispensed;

J. "distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or dispensing a controlled substance or controlled substance analog;

"drug" or "substance" means substances Κ. recognized as drugs in the official United States pharmacopoeia, official homeopathic pharmacopoeia of the United States or official national formulary or any respective supplement to those publications. It does not include devices .175677.1

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or their components, parts or accessories;

L. "hashish" means the resin extracted from any part of marijuana, whether growing or not, and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of such resins;

M. "manufacture" means the production, preparation, compounding, conversion or processing of a controlled substance or controlled substance analog by extraction from substances of natural origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container, except that this term does not include the preparation or compounding of a controlled substance:

(1) by a practitioner as an incident to administering or dispensing a controlled substance in the course of the practitioner's professional practice; or

(2) by a practitioner, or by the practitioner's agent under the practitioner's supervision, for the purpose of or as an incident to research, teaching or chemical analysis and not for sale;

N. "marijuana" means all parts of the plant cannabis, including any and all varieties, species and subspecies of the genus Cannabis, whether growing or not, the seeds thereof and every compound, manufacture, salt, .175677.1

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1 derivative, mixture or preparation of the plant or its seeds. 2 It does not include the mature stalks of the plant, hashish, 3 tetrahydrocannabinols extracted or isolated from marijuana, 4 fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds 5 of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, 6 derivative, mixture or preparation of the mature stalks, fiber, 7 oil or cake, or the sterilized seed of the plant that is 8 incapable of germination or any variety of the species sativa 9 of the genus Cannabis that produces not more than three-tenths 10 of one percent of delta 9 tetrahydrocannabinol per weighted 11 unit of flowering tops and leaves and has a delta 9 12 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of not more than one percent 13 on a dry weight basis;

O. "narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:

(1) opium and opiate and any salt, compound,derivative or preparation of opium or opiate;

(2) any salt, compound, isomer, derivative or preparation that is a chemical equivalent of any of the substances referred to in Paragraph (1) of this subsection, except the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;

(3) opium poppy and poppy straw, including all
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1 parts of the plant of the species Papaver somniferum L. except
2 its seeds; or

(4) coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative or preparation of coca leaves, any salt, compound, isomer, derivative or preparation that is a chemical equivalent of any of these substances except decocainized coca leaves or extractions of coca leaves that do not contain cocaine or ecgonine;

P. "opiate" means any substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability. "Opiate" does not include, unless specifically designated as controlled under Section 30-31-5 NMSA 1978, the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and its salts, dextromethorphan. "Opiate" does include its racemic and levorotatory forms;

Q. "person" means an individual, partnership, corporation, association, institution, political subdivision, government agency or other legal entity;

R. "practitioner" means a physician, certified advanced practice chiropractic physician, doctor of oriental medicine, dentist, physician assistant, certified nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, certified nursemidwife, prescribing psychologist, veterinarian, pharmacist, pharmacist clinician or other person licensed or certified to .175677.1

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prescribe and administer drugs that are subject to the
 Controlled Substances Act;

3 "prescription" means an order given individually S. 4 for the person for whom is prescribed a controlled substance, 5 either directly from a licensed practitioner or the practitioner's agent to the pharmacist, including by means of 6 7 electronic transmission, or indirectly by means of a written 8 order signed by the prescriber, bearing the name and address of 9 the prescriber, the prescriber's license classification, the 10 name and address of the patient, the name and quantity of the 11 drug prescribed, directions for use and the date of issue and 12 in accordance with the Controlled Substances Act or rules 13 adopted thereto;

T. "scientific investigator" means a person registered to conduct research with controlled substances in the course of the person's professional practice or research and includes analytical laboratories;

U. "ultimate user" means a person who lawfully possesses a controlled substance for the person's own use or for the use of a member of the person's household or for administering to an animal under the care, custody and control of the person or by a member of the person's household;

V. "drug paraphernalia" means all equipment, products and materials of any kind that are used, intended for use or designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, .175677.1

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growing, harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling or otherwise introducing into the human body a controlled substance or controlled substance analog in violation of the Controlled Substances Act. It includes:

(1) kits used, intended for use or designed for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing or harvesting any species of plant that is a controlled substance or controlled substance analog or from which a controlled 12 substance can be derived;

(2) kits used, intended for use or designed for use in manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing or preparing controlled substances or controlled substance analogs;

isomerization devices used, intended for (3) use or designed for use in increasing the potency of any species of plant that is a controlled substance;

(4) testing equipment used, intended for use or designed for use in identifying or in analyzing the strength, effectiveness or purity of controlled substances or controlled substance analogs;

(5) scales or balances used, intended for use or designed for use in weighing or measuring controlled .175677.1

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1 substances or controlled substance analogs; 2 diluents and adulterants, such as quinine (6) 3 hydrochloride, mannitol, mannite dextrose and lactose, used, 4 intended for use or designed for use in cutting controlled 5 substances or controlled substance analogs; 6 (7) separation gins and sifters used, intended 7 for use or designed for use in removing twigs and seeds from, 8 or in otherwise cleaning and refining, marijuana; 9 blenders, bowls, containers, spoons and (8) 10 mixing devices used, intended for use or designed for use in 11 compounding controlled substances or controlled substance 12 analogs; 13 capsules, balloons, envelopes and other (9) 14 containers used, intended for use or designed for use in 15 packaging small quantities of controlled substances or 16 controlled substance analogs; 17 (10) containers and other objects used, 18 intended for use or designed for use in storing or concealing 19 controlled substances or controlled substance analogs; 20 (11) hypodermic syringes, needles and other 21 objects used, intended for use or designed for use in 22 parenterally injecting controlled substances or controlled 23 substance analogs into the human body; 24 (12) objects used, intended for use or 25 designed for use in ingesting, inhaling or otherwise .175677.1

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1 introducing marijuana, cocaine, hashish or hashish oil into the 2 human body, such as: 3 (a) metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, 4 stone, plastic or ceramic pipes, with or without screens, 5 permanent screens, hashish heads or punctured metal bowls; 6 (b) water pipes; 7 (c) carburction tubes and devices; 8 smoking and carburetion masks; (d) 9 (e) roach clips, meaning objects used to 10 hold burning material, such as a marijuana cigarette, that has 11 become too small to hold in the hand; 12 (f) miniature cocaine spoons and cocaine 13 vials; 14 chamber pipes; (g) 15 (h) carburetor pipes; 16 (i) electric pipes; 17 (j) air-driven pipes; 18 (k) chilams; 19 (1)bongs; or 20 (m) ice pipes or chillers; and 21 (13)in determining whether an object is drug 22 paraphernalia, a court or other authority should consider, in 23 addition to all other logically relevant factors, the 24 following: 25 (a) statements by the owner or by anyone .175677.1 - 15 -

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1 in control of the object concerning its use; 2 (b) the proximity of the object, in time 3 and space, to a direct violation of the Controlled Substances 4 Act or any other law relating to controlled substances or 5 controlled substance analogs; 6 (c) the proximity of the object to 7 controlled substances or controlled substance analogs; 8 the existence of any residue of a (d) 9 controlled substance or controlled substance analog on the 10 object; 11 (e) instructions, written or oral, 12 provided with the object concerning its use; 13 (f) descriptive materials accompanying 14 the object that explain or depict its use; 15 the manner in which the object is (g) 16 displayed for sale; and 17 expert testimony concerning its use; (h) 18 W. "controlled substance analog" means a substance 19 other than a controlled substance that has a chemical structure 20 substantially similar to that of a controlled substance in 21 Schedule I, II, III, IV or V or that was specifically designed 22 to produce effects substantially similar to that of controlled 23 substances in Schedule I, II, III, IV or V. Examples of 24 chemical classes in which controlled substance analogs are 25 found include the following: .175677.1 - 16 -

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1 (1) phenethylamines; 2 (2) N-substituted piperidines; 3 morphinans; (3) 4 (4) ecgonines; 5 quinazolinones; (5) substituted indoles; and 6 (6) 7 (7) arylcycloalkylamines. 8 Specifically excluded from the definition of "controlled 9 substance analog" are those substances that are generally 10 recognized as safe and effective within the meaning of the 11 Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act or have been manufactured, 12 distributed or possessed in conformance with the provisions of 13 an approved new drug application or an exemption for 14 investigational use within the meaning of Section 505 of the 15 Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act; 16 "human consumption" includes application, Χ. 17 injection, inhalation, ingestion or any other manner of 18 introduction: 19 "drug-free school zone" means a public school, Υ. 20 parochial school or private school or property that is used for 21 a public, parochial or private school purpose and the area 22 within one thousand feet of the school property line, but it 23 does not mean any post-secondary school; and 24 "valid practitioner-patient relationship" means z.

a professional relationship, as defined by the practitioner's .175677.1 - 17 -

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1 licensing board, between the practitioner and the patient." 2 Section 10. APPROPRIATION .--3 One hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000) is Α. appropriated from the general fund for expenditure in fiscal 4 year 2010 for the following: 5 6 (1)one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) to 7 the board of regents of New Mexico state university to 8 establish and maintain databases, a seed bank and a seed 9 certification program pursuant to the Industrial Hemp Farming 10 Act: and 11 (2) fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) to the 12 department of public safety to train law enforcement officers 13 to identify industrial hemp and to implement a law enforcement 14 program regarding the growth, sale and processing of industrial 15 hemp pursuant to the Industrial Hemp Farming Act. 16 Any unexpended or unencumbered balance remaining Β. 17 at the end of fiscal year 2010 shall revert to the general 18 fund. 19 EFFECTIVE DATE.--The effective date of the Section 11. 20 provisions of this act is July 1, 2009. 21 - 18 -22 23 24 25 .175677.1

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